

THE BRITISH COLONIST.
Published every morning (except on Sundays and public holidays) at the office of the Proprietor, No. 11, Market Street, Victoria, at the rate of 3s. 6d. per week, payable in advance.
Advertisements may be sent to the Proprietor, or to the Editor, at the Office of Publication, No. 11, Market Street, Victoria, at the rate of 1s. 6d. per line, for the first week, and 1s. 3d. for each subsequent week.

JOB PRINTING.
The Proprietor has a large and complete stock of type, and a first-class press, and is prepared to execute all orders for printing, in the most accurate and expeditious manner.

Vote for DeCosmos & McClure

UNION AND TARIFF!

THE DESPOTIC STRAITS.

It is a poor cause that has to resort to personality and abuse for success. The enemies of Union and Tariff, finding their opposition hopeless, have come down to scurrility, in the vain endeavor to rally votes. They cannot beat Mr. DeCosmos and Mr. McClure by fair means. The political crimes with which men can be charged are heaped upon them. Newspaper paragraphs are raked up to show that Mr. McClure at one time said of Mr. DeCosmos, and that Mr. DeCosmos said of somebody else. So far as the paragraphs attributed to the former gentlemen are concerned, however, Mr. McClure never penned a line of one of these; and if he had written a hundred such, and Mr. DeCosmos was ten times more severe in the political warfare of 1860-61, what on earth has it to do with whether Vancouver Island should continue her free port to the detriment of the country, or abolish it and become one colony with British Columbia? The fact of barking the argument by the introduction of these personal matters, shows how utterly discomfited the opponents of Union and Tariff have become. They have first tried their principles in their entirety—free port and separation—but they found that the principles were too unpopular, and that nothing stood before them but ignominious defeat. They then tried an old political device—a mixture of abuse with separation, and free port with tariff—but the absurdity of the thing was too palpable, and this failed. Now they have come back to first principles—free port with an extravagant distribution of twenty-dollar pieces, and separation with a hundred tattered Bilingettes. Newspapers have, under the influence, suddenly varied round, and we are left to-day the only journal in the colony that maintains the Union and Tariff policy.

All this speaks volumes for the interest which Wharf street feels it has got in the maintenance of the free port; but it also shows what systematic efforts are being made to stir public opinion, and make the country subservient to a few men who represent the most temporary interests in it. The thing is so outrageous—the efforts made to corrupt the weaker portion of our inhabitants so palpable—that it is no wonder the people are becoming thoroughly aroused on the subject. These enemies to the country have sought to laugh at the Wharf street, and to make it before the election is over. We cannot for all the opposition the free port men can legitimately bring; for their numbers are small and their reasoning not very convincing; but when we see in the open day, and without any attempt at concealment, a regularly organized scheme for purchasing votes and destroying the morality of the poorer class of the community, we think it high time that the people generally should take the matter into their consideration. The life or death of Vancouver Island is really trembling in the balance. Let corruption cease, and real estate will descend in Victoria like an avalanche, crushing every landholder in ruin—population will continue to depart because we have not employment to give the working classes, and the future of the country will be one of utter desolation. It is the interest as well as duty, therefore, of every elector to be up and doing. Let us not only beat the free port candidates by a sweeping majority, but let us do it in a manner that will crush at once and for ever that party that has been hitherto imposing its ruinous policy on the country. The recent news from Melbourne, as will be seen elsewhere, shows as a similar crisis in the condition of the colony of Victoria. There protection was demanded, as it is here, for the purpose of creating home industry, and the working men, as they will do here, carried the day. In a few days the great contest will come off; let every man who has got an interest in the colony exert himself to the utmost and see that the Union and Tariff policy is carried out.

PROTECTION VICTORIES IN AUSTRALIA.

The following Melbourne correspondence to the London Times gives a picture of colony of Victoria very analogous to that of our own, and shows that our recent arguments in reference to protection in new colonies are fully borne out by the experience of the late and more prosperous colony alluded to.

The general election for the Assembly is nearly over. With very few exceptions the Government candidates have been returned. The advocates also for the Legislative Council have been returned in several Government supporters are taking the places of former members retiring by rotation under the Constitution Act, and who have now paid for their late obstructions to the Government Land policy by the loss of their seats when seeking re-election. Three principal demands have been made of candidates during these elections: first, that they should support the now proposed Land Bill, a sketch of which I gave you in my last letter; secondly, a reform of the constitution of the Upper House

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JUST ARRIVED

FROM LONDON,

CONSISTING IN PART AS FOLLOWS:

Dry Goods, Clothing, &c.

BAGS—Gunny

BAIZE—Blue, Green, Red and Scarlet

BLANKETS—White and Colored, 2 1/2, 3, 3 1/2 and 4 point

CARPETS—J. Croxley & Sons' Brussels, Tapestry, Kidderminster and Dutch

CLOTH—Superfine Blue, Black, Scarlet, Blue Beaver and Pilot

do Scotch Tweed

COTTON—24x36 inch Grey

do Horlicks Bleached Long Cloth

do 8-8 and 5-4 Fancy Printed, and 7-8 Navy Blue

do 6-4 Blue Striped Regatta, and 9-8 Navy Jacket

DIAPER—8-4 Bleached Table and Nursery

GARTERING—Highland and Plain Colored HESSIENS—42 in low

MATRASSES—Hair, Single and Double

NAPKINS—6-8 and 6-8 Linen Table

SHEETING—Croydon 72 and 90 inch

do 45 Rosala

STROUDS—White, Blue, Green and Scarlet

SERGE—30 inch Blue Woolen and Black Silk

SILKES—Black and Colored

TENTS—Shooting 10 to 20 alls

TOWELS—Bleached, Hookback, Turkish and assorted

THREAD—All Colors, Whitey-brown, White Black, and "Brook's" Patent White and Black Reel

do Black and Colored Sewing Silk

TICKS—12-16 Cotton

ALPACA—Black Checked and Fancy Colored

BRAID—White and Fanch Cotton

CLOTHING—An assortment of Ladies' and Infants' Under

CASINETT—Black and Fanch

CLOTHS—White Damask, assorted sizes

COVERS—Colored Woolen Damask

DRESSES—Ladies' Mainin, Barge, Cambric and Fanch Head

FLOUNCING—Cambric, Pink, and Real Lace Falls

FLANNEL—White and Colored Saxony, Printed and Fanch Wool Balie

GINGHAM—Derry and Fanch

GLOVES—Gent's Drab Back, White and Colored Kid

do Ladies' White and Colored Kid

HATS—An assortment of Ladies' and Girls' Trimmed Straw

MERINO—Black and colored French

MOREEN—Black, White and Drab

HOLLAND—4-4 Brown and Buff Mantle LINEN—4-4 Irish

FLAIDS—Superfine 4-4 Galle, and 6-4 Saxony

SHAWLS—Woolen Tartan, Shepherd's

SKIRTS—Ladies' Balmain

VELVET—Black and Blue Silk, Fanch Silk Velvet Ribbon, and assorted Dress Trimmings

WINCEY—Checked and Plain

JACKETS—Ladies' walking and circular Mantles

POPLIN—Black and colored Irish, and Fancy Silk Parasols

BELTS—Men's Scarlet and colored Worsted and Black Leather

BRACES—Men's White Cotton and India Rubber

CAPS—Men's blue and black cloth Military, Navy and Forage

COMFORTERS—Scot and fancy woolen

COATS—Men's Tweed, Doe and Melton

do "Blue Pilot and Witney Over

DRAWERS—Men's scarlet Flannel, long white Serge, white and grey Merino, grey and white Lambwool and unbleached Cotton

HATS—Men's black and colored Felt

HOSIERY—Men's bleached, unbleached and grey Cotton Half Hose

do Men's Sanguar, grey Worsted, K. Nit Ribbed, Merino, and Fanch Colored Woolen Half Hose

do Ladies' Lambwool, Merino and white Cotton Hose

do Girls' and Children's white and colored Cotton and Woolen, assorted

JACKETS—Men's blue Pilot and Seamen's Monkey

SOAKERS—Men's black and fancy Silk

SHIRTS—Men's scarlet and blue serge, Cheviot Melton, white Linen and fancy regatta Cotton

do Men's fancy Wool Balie, with and without collars

do Men's white and grey Merino, scarlet Flannel, grey Shetland, dahlia striped, scarlet and grey Lambwool Under

SUITS—Men's heavy blue Doe and Tweed, and light summer Tweed

TROWERS—Men's diagonal, heavy and fancy Tweed, fancy Doe, blue Pilot Cloth, Bedford Cord, Railroad Drill, drab and white Melocin, Corduroy and Canvas Overall

do Boys' heavy Tweed and Doe

VESTS—Men's fancy Tweed, Doe, blue Pilot Cloth, superfine blue and black Cloth

Provisions & Oilman's Stores.

ALMONDS—soft shell in casks

ALLSPICE—ground in 5 lb tins

BARLEY—Robinson's patent in 1 lb tins; and best kiln dried Pearl

CURRENTS—Potatoes in 14 lb tins

GROVES—ground in 5 lb tins

CINNAMON—ground in 1-2 lb tins

CANDLES—Pine's patent Belmont and Starline Sperm

COFFEE—English Chocolate

Naval Stores.

CANVAS—assorted numbers

COTTONWASTE, Sail Needles, Deep Sea and Hand Lead Lines, Palms, single and double Log Lines

INSIGNS, British, Oakum, and hand Leads TAR

"Princess Royal,"

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<p>be hurt. Plain directions for the use of this binder, at once so mild and efficacious, are affixed to each box,</p>	<p>for competition in Highland games, etc. Scotch or Mammals.—The Bylaws are now strictly enforced JAMES HENDERSON, Secy.</p>
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Private lessons given and schools attended;
TERMS MODERATE.

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For further particulars, see notice at instant advertising for competition in Highland times, sta.
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